Ind AS Video Lectures

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

This document contains all the topics covered and learning elements of a particular standard which is elaborately deliberated upon through user-friendly explanation, lucid illustrations and maximum use of practical examples and numerical problems.

ABOUT

This video lecture series have been developed after a rigorous fulltime research for more than 14 years. It is aimed at providing an indepth coverage on the fundamentals of Ind AS. Standards have been explained through simple language, lucid illustrations, case studies and numerical worked examples so that you can apply Ind AS in industry-specific scenarios. It is particularly designed for the accounting and finance fraternity who need to implement Ind AS in their workplace or seek to acquire or enhance their knowledge on these complex financial reporting standards. Key accounting requirements and important technical issues are also discussed in detail. Ind AS has become the new language for corporates and comprehensive proficiency therefore gaining and practical application of the standards is a must have for today's required skill set. It is especially suitable for working professionals who can watch the videos unlimited times as per their convenience. There is no restriction to the number of views. Thus, our unique and advanced Ind AS Video Lectures is apt for you.

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Ind AS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements



LEARNING OBJECTIVES

| 1 | Standards that govern Financial Reporting | 14 | Items that may be reclassified |
|----|--|---------|--|
| 2 | Complete set of financial statements | 15 | Area of possible double counting |
| 3 | Minimum presentation requirement | 16 | Statement of Changes in Equity |
| 4 | Balance sheet classification | 17 | Example of transaction directly in equity |
| 5 | Features of Current and Non-current assets | 18 | Calculation of amortised cost |
| 6 | What is normal operating cycle | 19 | Movement in Statement of Changes in Equity |
| 7 | Current and Non-current liabilities | 20 | Notes – Structure |
| 8 | Elements of Statement of Profit and Loss | 21 | Basis of preparation |
| 9 | Types of gain – Trading, Holding, Capital | 22 | Disclosure of accounting policies |
| 10 | Presentation of Profit and loss | 23 | Sources of estimation uncertainty |
| 11 | Other Comprehensive Income | 24 | Capital management |
| 12 | Reclassification adjustments | 25 | Disclosures |
| 13 | Items that will not be reclassified | <u></u> | |

Ind AS 2 - Inventories



| 1 | What are Inventories | 7 | Deferred settlement terms |
|---|---|----|---|
| 2 | Distinguish between NRV and FV with example | 8 | Cost Formulas |
| 3 | Types of Inventories | 9 | Onerous Contracts |
| 4 | Measurement process | 10 | Writing down inventory below cost |
| 5 | Cost of Inventories and Conversion | 11 | Net Realisable Value of damaged inventory |
| 6 | Treatment of Borrowing Costs | 12 | Examples to calculate closing inventory |

Ind AS 7 - Statement of Cash Flows

| (4) | LEARNING OBJECTIVES | | |
|------------|--|----|---|
| 1 | Meaning of Cash | 12 | Financing activities with examples |
| 2 | Motives for holding Cash | 13 | Format of Financing activities |
| 3 | What are Cash flows | 14 | Reporting Cash Flows from Investing and |
| 4 | Cash equivalents with examples | | Financing activities |
| 5 | Essence of Statement of Cash Flows | 15 | Reporting Cash Flows on a net basis |
| 6 | Presentation of Cash Flow Statement | 16 | Interest and Dividends |
| 7 | Operating activities with examples | 17 | Taxes on income |
| 8 | Methods used to report Cash Flows from | 18 | Non-cash transaction with example |
| | Operating activities | 19 | Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents |
| 9 | Format for Direct and Indirect Method | 20 | Why reconciliation statement of the amounts |
| 10 | Investing activities with examples | 20 | need to be provided |
| | | | |

Format of Investing activities

Ind AS 8 – Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

Other disclosures

| (4) | LEARNING OBJECTIVES | | |
|------------|---------------------------------------|----|---|
| 1 | What are Accounting Policies | 7 | Retrospective application |
| 2 | Accounting estimates | 8 | Changes in Accounting Estimates |
| 3 | Accounting errors and types | 9 | How to correct Errors |
| 4 | Selection and application of Policies | 10 | Relation between Ind AS 8 and Ind AS 1 |
| 5 | Importance of Consistency in FS | 11 | When to present a third balance sheet |
| 6 | Changes in Accounting Policies | 12 | Numerical examples to illustrate the concepts |

Ind AS 10 - Events after the Reporting Period

| O | LEARNING OBJECTIVES |
|----------|-------------------------------|
| 1 | Difference between End of the |

| 1 | Difference between End of the Reporting |
|---|---|
| | Period and Date of Authorisation of Issue |

- 2 Adjusting events with examples
- 3 Non-adjusting events with examples
- When to recognise such events or disclose them in notes
- 5 Favourable event and unfavourable event

- Examples distinguishing between favourable event and unfavourable event
- 7 How to account for dividends
- 8 Concept of going concern
- Disclosure of date of approval for issue and updating other disclosures in FS
- 10 Disclosure for non-adjusting events

Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes

| 1 | Difference between accounting for business |
|---|--|
| | and taxation |

- 2 Accounting profit and taxable profit
- 3 Accrual basis
- Objective of Ind AS 12
- Where tax effects of transactions and events are recorded
- Types of gain
- 7 Definition of accounting profit
- Illustration of tax effect in PL, OCI and directly in equity
- 9 Tax base
- Examples to differentiate between carrying amount and tax base
- 11 Temporary differences

- 12 Taxable temporary difference
- 13 Deductible temporary difference
- 14 Ascertainment of current tax
- 15 Deferred tax liability
- 16 Deferred tax asset
- Calculation of goodwill
- Necessity of deferred taxes
- 19 Treatment of deep-discount bond
- 20 Illustration Deferred tax liability recognised in PL
- 21 Illustration Deferred tax asset recognised in PL
- 22 Example Deferred taxes recognised in OCI

Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes (Continued)

| 23 | Example – Deferred taxes liability recognised directly in equity | 26 | Illustration – Warranty provision under Ind AS 37 |
|----|--|----|---|
| 24 | Difference in accounting profit and taxable profit | 27 | Illustration – Deferred tax on Intangible Assets under Ind AS 38 |
| 25 | Carry forwards and set off | 28 | Illustration – Deferred tax on Revaluation of PPE under Ind AS 16 |

Ind AS 16 - Property, Plant and Equipment

| 1 | Structure of Ind AS 16 | 11 | Cessation of capitalisation |
|----|---|----|---|
| 2 | Definition of PPE | 12 | Measurement after recognition |
| 3 | Recognition | 13 | Why entire class need to be revalued |
| 4 | Meaning of cost measured reliably | 14 | Cost model and Revaluation model |
| 5 | Measurement at initial recognition | 15 | 6 accounting treatment of Revaluation model |
| 6 | Purchase price and directly attributable cost | 16 | Depreciation – Recognition |
| 7 | Cost of dismantling and restoring site | 17 | Derecognition |
| 8 | Measurement of subsequent costs | 18 | Effect on PL and OCI when an asset is revalued |
| 9 | Incidental operations | 19 | Why Revaluation Surplus need to be transferred to Retained Earnings |
| 10 | What is capitalisation | | to Netained Lairlings |
| | | 20 | Accounting implications with examples |

Ind AS 20 – Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

| 1 | What are Government grants | 9 | Grants related to income |
|---|---|----|--|
| 2 | Criteria for recognition | 10 | Presentation of grants related to income |
| 3 | Recognition of a Government grant | 11 | Repayment of Government grants |
| 4 | Capital approach | 12 | Procedure for repayment |
| 5 | Income approach | 13 | Impairment of the new carrying amount of the |
| 6 | Grants related to assets | | asset |
| | | 14 | Balance Sheet and Profit and loss effect for |
| 7 | Presentation of grants related to assets | | repayment of government grant |
| 8 | Example illustrating income approach and capital approach | 15 | Government Assistance |

Ind AS 23 – Borrowing Costs

| 9 | LEARNING OBJECTIVES | | |
|----------|--|----|--|
| 1 | Core Principle | 9 | Scoped out assets |
| 2 | What is a qualifying asset | 10 | Recognition |
| 3 | What Borrowing Costs include | 11 | Example demonstrating Borrowing Costs eligible for capitalisation |
| 4 | How to apply Effective Interest Method | | |
| 5 | Example illustrating zero-coupon bonds | 12 | How to calculate capitalisation rate with numerical example |
| 6 | Ascertain effective rate of interest | 13 | Weighted average borrowing |
| 7 | How to account for exchange differences arising from foreign exchange borrowings | 14 | Excess of carrying amount of qualifying asset – Application of Ind AS 36 |
| 8 | What comprises qualifying assets | 15 | Time period of capitalisation |

Ind AS 24 - Related Party Disclosures

| 6 | LEARNING OBJECTIVES | | |
|----------|--|------------------------------|--|
| 1 | What is a related party | 5 | What is Key management personnel |
| 2 | Features | 6 | Examples illustrating conditions when an |
| 3 | Examples of related party transactions | entity is related to a repor | entity is related to a reporting entity |

Things to consider when related party is a

person

Ind AS 33 - Earnings per Share

Examples of instances that are not related

| 9 | LEARNING OBJECTIVES | | |
|----------|--|----|---|
| 1 | What is Earnings per Share (EPS) | 7 | Why weighting not required for Bonus issue |
| 2 | Applicability of EPS | | with example |
| 3 | Ways in which EPS should be shown | 8 | Numerical examples illustrating Bonus shares |
| 4 | What is basic EPS and its objective | 9 | How to calculate EPS when there are Rights shares |
| 5 | Example to calculate weighted average number of shares | 10 | Theoretical ex-rights value per share |
| 6 | Ordinary shares, Bonus shares and Rights | 11 | Diluted EPS with example |

Ind AS 36 - Impairment of Assets

| | 1114 710 00 11119 | u | 0111 01 7 1000 10 |
|----------|--|----------|---|
| 6 | LEARNING OBJECTIVES | | |
| 1 | What is impairment loss | 12 | Reversing an impairment loss |
| 2 | Recoverable amount | 13 | Calculate impairment and its reversal after |
| 3 | Fair value less costs of disposal | | revaluation |
| 4 | Value in use | 14 | Numerical examples illustrating impact on PL and OCI |
| 5 | Criteria for recognising an impairment loss | 15 | Cash-generating unit (CGU) |
| 6 | How to ascertain impairment of assets | 16 | Determination of recoverable amount of an |
| 7 | Estimating value in use | 10 | individual asset |
| 8 | Applying appropriate discount rate | 17 | How to allocate impairment loss for a CGU |
| 9 | Significance of time value of money | 18 | Treatment of goodwill |
| 10 | Effect of deferred taxes in PL when there is an impairment | 19 | Reversing an impairment loss for a CGU |
| 11 | Recognising and measuring an impairment loss | 20 | Numerical example interpreting provisions in the standard |

Ind AS 37 - Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and **Contingent Assets**

the standard



Ind AS 38 - Intangible Assets

| | LEARNING OBJECTIVES | | |
|---------|--|----|--|
| 1 | What is intangible asset | 9 | Examples of research phase and development |
| 2 | Essential feature of non-monetary asset | | phase |
| 3 | Identification of an intangible asset | 10 | Conditions required to recognise intangible asset in the development phase |
| 4 | Recognition criteria | 11 | |
| 5 | Examples of intangible assets when separately | 11 | Subsequent measurement |
| | acquired | 12 | Assessment of useful life in order for basis of |
| 6 | Ways in which intangible assets can be | | amortisation |
| | recognised | 13 | Derecognition |
| 7 | 2 phases of internally generated intangible assets | 14 | Numerical examples to illustrate the important concepts |
| 8 | Treatment of research phase and | | |

Ind AS 41 - Agriculture

development phase

product of harvest

| (4) | LEARNING OBJECTIVES | | |
|------------|--|----|---|
| 1 | What is Agriculture | 10 | Application of Ind AS 2 |
| 2 | Types of agricultural activity | 11 | Recognition and Measurement |
| 3 | Definition of harvest | 12 | How to account when there is no separate |
| 4 | Aspects of biological assets | | market for biological assets |
| 5 | Features of Bearer plant | 13 | Gains and losses on initial recognition |
| 6 | Biological transformation | 14 | Reason for fair value cannot be measured |
| 7 | Qualitative and quantitative changes | 45 | reliably |
| 8 | Common features of agricultural activity | 15 | Government grants related to a biological asset |
| 9 | Distinguish between agricultural produce and |] | |

Ind AS 105 - Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations

| (4) | LEARNING OBJECTIVES | | |
|------------|---|----|--|
| 1 | What are non-current assets | 10 | Explanation to why such assets are scoped out |
| 2 | Difference between Held for sale and Held | | of this standard |
| | and used | 11 | Subsequent measurement |
| 3 | Separate classification in Balance Sheet | 12 | Measurement of Disposal Group held for Sale |
| 4 | What is a disposal group | 13 | How to calculate impairment |
| 5 | Features of a cash-generating unit | 14 | Examples illustrating allocation of impairment |
| 6 | Firm purchase commitment | | on a pro-rata basis |
| 7 | Factors to consider for selling plan | 15 | Presentation |
| 8 | Measurement | 16 | Discontinued operations |
| 9 | 5 assets that do not fall under measurement | 17 | Aspects of component of an entity |
| | provisions | 18 | Disclosure requirements |

Ind AS 106 – Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources

| Ø | LEARNING OBJECTIVES | | |
|----------|---|----|--|
| 1 | Accounting significance | 8 | Determination of technical feasibility and |
| 2 | 3 important factors to consider when applying | | commercial viability |
| | this Standard | 9 | Difference between tangible assets and |
| 3 | Process for exploration and evaluation of mineral resources | | intangible assets with examples |
| | mineral resources | 10 | When to recognise a provision |
| 4 | How are assets measured | 11 | Measurement after Recognition |
| 5 | Decommissioning liability | | Wedsurement after Recognition |
| | | 12 | Reclassification criteria with examples |
| 6 | Application of Ind AS 37 | 40 | Impoirment indicators |
| 7 | Examples of expenditure included in | 13 | Impairment indicators |
| | exploration and evaluation | | |

Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments

| 6 | LEARNING OBJECTIVES | | |
|----------|---|----|--|
| 1 | What is component of an entity | 7 | Quantitative thresholds |
| 2 | Aspects of Operating Segments | 8 | Materiality concept |
| 3 | Factors to determine Operating Segments | 9 | Factors to consider for operating segments |
| 4 | Who is a Chief Operating Decision Maker | 10 | Example to illustrate identification of |
| 5 | Aggregation criteria | | reportable segments |
| 6 | Which segments can be similar | | |

Ind AS 113 - Fair Value Measurement

| © | LEARNING OBJECTIVES | | |
|----------|--|----|--|
| 1 | Objectives of fair value | 12 | Characteristics of market participants |
| 2 | What is Framework | 13 | Strategic buyer |
| 3 | Pareto optimality in business | 14 | Financial buyer |
| 4 | 3 important aspects of fair value | 15 | Fair value at initial recognition |
| | measurement | 16 | Entry price and exit price |
| 5 | Definition of fair value | 17 | Valuation techniques |
| 6 | Orderly transaction | 18 | Observable and unobservable inputs |
| 7 | Indicators for transactions that are not orderly | 19 | Approaches – Market, Cost and Income |
| 8 | Principal market | | |
| 9 | Most advantageous market | 20 | Measurement |
| 10 | Transaction costs | 21 | Highest and best use |
| 11 | Transport costs | 22 | Unit of account |

Ind AS 115 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers



| 1 | Definition of revenue | 22 | Licensing |
|----|--|----|--|
| 2 | What are ordinary activities | 23 | Difference between access and use |
| 3 | What is a contract and a customer | 24 | Step 3 – Determine the transaction price |
| 4 | Core principle | 25 | Variable consideration |
| 5 | When to recognise revenue and at what amount | 26 | Refund liabilities with numerical example |
| 6 | Performance obligation | 27 | Accounting for sale with a right of return |
| 7 | Transaction price | 28 | Constraining estimates of variable consideration |
| 8 | Contract liability and contract asset | 29 | Accounting for significant financing |
| 9 | Receivable | | component |
| 10 | 5-step model for Ind AS 115 | 30 | Non-cash consideration |
| 11 | Step 1 – 5 criteria for Identifying the contract | 31 | Consideration payable to a customer |
| 12 | Existence of a contract | 32 | Customers' unexercised rights |
| 13 | Combination of contracts with numerical example | 33 | Step 4 – Allocate the Transaction Price to Performance Obligations |
| 14 | Contract modifications | 34 | Stand - alone selling price (SASP) |
| 15 | Step 2 – Identifying performance obligations | 35 | Allocation based on SASP |
| 16 | Distinct goods or services | 36 | Estimation of SASP |
| 17 | Accounting for warranties with numerical example | 37 | Adjusted market assessment approach |
| 10 | | 38 | Expected cost plus a margin approach |
| 18 | Customer option for additional goods or services | 39 | Residual approach |
| 19 | Customer loyalty program | 40 | Allocation of a discount with numerical example |
| 20 | Non-refundable upfront fees | 41 | Allocation of variable consideration |
| 21 | Principal versus agent considerations | | |

Ind AS 115 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Continued)

| 42 | Changes in the Transaction Price | 52 | A forward or a call option |
|----|--|----|---|
| 43 | Step 5 - Satisfaction of Performance | 53 | Put option |
| | Obligations | 54 | Consignment arrangements with numerical |
| 44 | Definition of control | | example |
| 45 | Benefits of an asset | 55 | Indicators of a consignment arrangement |
| 46 | When revenue should be recognised at a | 56 | Bill-and-hold arrangements |
| | point in time or over time | 57 | Customer acceptance |
| 47 | Performance Obligations satisfied over time | 58 | Contract costs |
| 48 | Performance Obligations satisfied at a point in time | 59 | Costs to obtain a contract |
| 49 | Measuring progress | 60 | Costs to fulfill a contract |
| 50 | What is output method and input method | 61 | Amortisation and impairment |
| 51 | Repurchase agreements | 62 | Presentation |

Ind AS 116 - Leases



| 1 | Economics of a lease | 25 | Right to direct the use of identified asset |
|----|--|----|---|
| 2 | Difference between a lessor and lessee | 26 | How and for what purpose the asset is used |
| 3 | Lease payments | 27 | Protective rights |
| 4 | Objective of this standard | 28 | Assessment of whether a contract is, or |
| 5 | Recognition for a lessor and lessee | | contains, a lease |
| 6 | Right-of-use asset | 29 | Separating components of a contract for a lessee and lessor |
| 7 | Lease liability | 30 | Worked Example 1 – Initial measurement of |
| 8 | Net investment in the lease | | lease liability |
| 9 | Lease receipts | 31 | Lease term |
| 10 | Measurement process | 32 | Lessee: Recognition and measurement |
| 11 | Presentation | 33 | Initial Recognition of Lease Liability and Right- |
| 12 | Importance of disclosures | | of-use Asset |
| 13 | Types of leases | 34 | Worked Example 2 – How to account for insubstance fixed payments and effect in PL |
| 14 | Variety of risks and rewards | 35 | Worked Example 3 – Calculate right-of-use |
| 15 | Combination of contracts | 33 | asset |
| 16 | Separating components of a contract | 36 | Treatment of variable lease payments |
| 17 | Recognition exemptions | 37 | Subsequent measurement |
| 18 | Short-term leases | 38 | Worked Example 4 |
| 19 | Underlying asset is of low value | 39 | Reassessment of the lease liability |
| 20 | New lease for a short-term lease | 40 | Lease modifications |
| 21 | Identified asset | 41 | Worked Example 5 – Accounting for lease |
| 22 | Substantive substitution rights | | modifications when there is an increase in lease term |
| 23 | Portion of assets | 12 | |
| 24 | Economic benefits | 42 | Worked Example 6 – Accounting for lease modifications when there is increase in scope |

Ind AS 116 - Leases (Continued)

| 43 | Lessor: Lease classification | 51 | Operating leases |
|----|---|----|---|
| 44 | Finance leases: Recognition and measurement | 52 | Lease modifications of an operating lease |
| 45 | Initial measurement of the lease payments | 53 | Worked Example 10 |
| | included in the net investment in the lease | 54 | Sublease classification |
| 46 | Worked Example 7 – Finance lease | 55 | Sale and leaseback transactions |
| 47 | Manufacturer or dealer lessors | 56 | Transfer of the asset is a sale |
| 48 | Worked Example 8 | 57 | Worked Example 11 |
| 49 | Worked Example 9 | 58 | Accounting for potential adjustments |
| 50 | Accounting for finance lease modifications by | 59 | Worked Example 12 |
| | a lessor | 60 | Transfer of the asset is not a sale |

Ind AS 27 - Separate Financial Statements

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

| 1 | What are Separate Financial Statements | 8 | Dividends |
|---|--|----|---------------------------------------|
| 2 | Objective and Scope of Ind AS 27 | 9 | Reorganising the structure of a group |
| 3 | Different aspects of SFS | 10 | Reference to Conceptual Framework |
| 4 | Preparation | 11 | Primary Financial Statements |
| 5 | Accounting treatment | 12 | Combined Financial Statements |
| 6 | When entity ceases to be investment entity | 13 | Unconsolidated Financial Statements |
| 7 | When entity becomes an investment entity | 14 | Consolidated Financial Statements |

Ind AS 28 – Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

Objective 12 Reduction in NRV of assets 13 What is an associate Contribution of non-monetary assets 3 Joint venture 14 Commercial substance Significant influence 15 Equity interest Financial and operating policies 16 Accounting for investment Characteristics 17 Determining entity's share of the associate or joint venture Existence of significant influence 18 Entity's net investment Equity method with examples 19 When entity's interest is reduced to zero Changes in ownership interest with example 20 Impairment losses 10 Equity method procedures with example Upstream and downstream transactions

Ind AS 103 - Business Combinations



| 1 | Definition of a business | 23 | Acquired contract |
|----|---|----|---|
| 2 | Ordinary activities | 24 | Identifying a Business Combination |
| 3 | Elements of a business | 25 | Structure of a Business Combination |
| 4 | What is input, process and output | 26 | Acquisition method |
| 5 | Features of business combination | 27 | Identifying the acquirer |
| 6 | Who is an acquirer and acquiree | 28 | Nature of investments |
| 7 | Definition of control | 29 | Accounting for using the equity method |
| 8 | Mergers of equals and true merger | 30 | Determining the acquisition date |
| 9 | When it is an asset acquisition or business | 31 | Recognition Principle |
| | combination | 32 | Recognition Conditions |
| 10 | Difference between asset acquisition and business combination | 33 | Classifying or designating identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business |
| 11 | Optional Concentration Test | | combination |
| 12 | Applying the Concentration Test | 34 | Examples for different accounting |
| 13 | Fair value of gross assets acquired | 35 | Exceptions |
| 14 | Single identifiable asset | 36 | Measurement Principle |
| 15 | Examples of single identifiable asset | 37 | Non-controlling Interest (NCI) |
| 16 | Group of similar identifiable assets | 38 | Calculation of NCI and goodwill under both methods |
| 17 | Which assets are not similar assets | | |
| 18 | Examples of group of similar identifiable assets | 39 | Exceptions to the recognition or measurement principles |
| 19 | Determining the concentration criteria | 40 | Contingent Liabilities |
| 20 | Assessing whether an acquired process is | 41 | Example of Contingent Liabilities |
| | substantive | 42 | Exceptions – Income Taxes |
| 21 | Evaluation when outputs are not present | 43 | How DTA or DTL affects the amount of |
| 22 | Evaluation when outputs are present | | goodwill or bargain purchase |

Ind AS 103 – Business Combinations (Continued)

| 44 | Employee Benefits | 58 | Measurement Period |
|----|--|----|---|
| 45 | Indemnification assets | 59 | Determining what is part of Business Combination |
| 46 | Leases in which the acquiree is the lessee | /0 | |
| 47 | Reacquired rights | 60 | Arrangement for contingent payments to employees or selling shareholders |
| 48 | Pre-existing relationship | 61 | Assets with uncertain cash flows |
| 49 | Assembled workforce and other items that are not identifiable | 62 | Assets subject to operating leases in which the acquiree is the lessor |
| 50 | Share-based payment transactions | 63 | Assets that the acquirer intends to use in a |
| 51 | Assets held for sale | 03 | different way |
| 52 | Recognising and Measuring Goodwill or a Gain from a Bargain Purchase | 64 | Non-controlling interest (NCI) in an acquiree |
| 53 | Bargain Purchase with example | 65 | Acquisition related costs |
| 54 | Consideration transferred with example | 66 | Subsequent measurement and accounting |
| 55 | Contingent consideration | 67 | Contingent liabilities |
| 56 | Business Combination achieved in stages | 68 | Indemnification assets |
| 57 | A Business Combination achieved without transfer or consideration | 69 | Several numerical examples illustrating how to consolidate BS, PL, OCI and SOCE |

Ind AS 110 - Consolidated Financial Statements

| 1 | | | * |
|---|---|---|---|
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| | • | - | |

| 1 | Essence of consolidated financial statements | 16 | When voting cannot have a significant effect |
|----|---|----|---|
| 2 | What is control | | on an investee's returns |
| 3 | Power over an investee | 17 | Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from an investee |
| 4 | Existing rights | | diffivestee |
| 5 | Relevant activities with examples | 18 | What affects the amount of the investor's returns |
| 6 | Protective rights with examples | 19 | Relationship with other parties |
| 7 | Purpose and design of an investee | | |
| 8 | Power with a majority of voting rights | 20 | What are de facto agents |
| | | 21 | Accounting requirements |
| 9 | Majority of the voting rights but not power | 22 | Non-controlling interests |
| 10 | Power without a majority of the voting rights | 23 | Loss of control |
| 11 | Contractual arrangement with other vote | | |
| | holders | 24 | Recognition and derecognition |
| 12 | Rights from other contractual arrangements | 25 | What is an investment entity |
| 13 | Investor's voting rights with examples | 26 | Characteristics of an investment entity |
| 14 | Potential voting rights with examples | 27 | Investment entities – exceptions to consolidation |
| 15 | Example of rights that can give an investor power | | CONSONICATION |

Ind AS 111 – Joint Arrangements

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

| 1 | What is a joint arrangement | 11 | Assessing the terms of the contractual |
|----|---------------------------------------|----|---|
| 2 | Party to a joint arrangement | | agreement |
| 3 | Contractual arrangement | 12 | Assessing other facts and circumstances |
| 4 | Joint control | 13 | Classification of Joint Arrangement structured |
| 5 | Assessing joint control with examples | | through a separate vehicle with examples |
| 6 | Types of joint arrangement | 14 | Joint operations |
| 7 | Classification of a joint arrangement | 15 | Accounting for sales or contributions of assets |
| 8 | Structure | | to a joint operation |
| 9 | Structured through a separate vehicle | 16 | Joint operation – other considerations |
| 10 | Legal form of the separate vehicle | 17 | Joint ventures |
| | | 18 | Disclosures of interests in joint arrangements |

Ind AS 112 - Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

LEARNING OBJECTIVES What is interest in another entity Significant judgements and assumptions 2 10 Other disclosures Contractual and non-contractual involvement 3 Purpose and design 11 Investment entity status Consideration of risks 12 Interest in subsidiaries Evidence of interest in another entity 13 Composition of the group Objective 14 Disclosures for each subsidiary that has NCI 15 Meeting the objective Nature and extent of significant restrictions Separate presentation of information 16 Consolidated structured entities

Ind AS 112 - Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities (Continued)

| 17 | Nature and changes in risks associated | 26 | Disclosures for difference in date and period |
|----|---|----|---|
| 18 | Disclosures for financial and other support | 27 | Unrecognised share of losses |
| 19 | Losing control of a subsidiary | 28 | Risks associated with an entity's interests in |
| 20 | Interest in unconsolidated subsidiaries | | joint ventures and associates |
| 21 | List of disclosures required | 29 | Interests in unconsolidated structured entities |
| 22 | Interests in joint arrangements and associates | 30 | Nature of interests |
| 23 | Nature, extent and financial effects of an | 31 | Unconsolidated structured entities (USE) |
| | entity's interests in joint arrangements and associates | 32 | When an entity has sponsored an USE |
| 24 | Disclosures for each joint venture and | 33 | Disclosures for nature of risks |
| | associate | 34 | Disclosures when financial support has been |
| 25 | Disclosures that need not be provided by an investment entity | | provided to USE |